



AL600ULB

UL Recognized Power Supply/Charger

Overview:

Altronix AL600ULB power supply/charger converts a 28VAC/200VA input to a 12VDC or a 24VDC output (see specifications).

Specifications:

Agency Listings:

- UL Recognized component for
 - UL 294* Access Control System Units.
 - UL 1481 Standard for Safety for Fire Protective Signaling Systems.



Input:

- Input 28VAC / 200VA.

Output:

- 12VDC or 24VDC selectable output.
- 6A continuous supply current @ 12VDC or 24VDC.
- Filtered and electronically regulated output.

Battery Backup:

- Built-in charger for sealed lead acid or gel type batteries.
- Maximum charge current 0.7A.

Battery Backup (cont'd):

- Automatic switch over to stand-by battery when AC fails.
- Zero voltage drop when switched over to battery backup.

Visual Indicators:

- AC input and DC output LED indicators.

Supervision:

- AC fail supervision (form “C” contacts).
- Low battery and battery presence supervision (form “C” contacts).

Additional Features:

- Short circuit and thermal overload protection.

Board Dimensions (W x L x H approximate):

4.3” x 7.1” x 2.3” (109.2mm x 180.3mm x 58.4mm).

*Access Control Performance Levels: Destructive Attack - N/A; Endurance - IV; Line Security - I; Stand-by Power - IV.

Power Supply Output Selection:

Output VDC	Switch Position
12VDC	SW1 ON
24VDC	SW1 OFF

Stand-by Specifications:

Output	4 hr. of Stand-by and 5 Minutes of Alarm	24 hr. of Stand-by and 5 Minutes of Alarm	60 hr. of Stand-by and 5 Minutes of Alarm
12VDC / 40 AH Battery	Stand-by = 6A Alarm = 6A	Stand-by = 1.0A Alarm = 6A	Stand-by = 300mA Alarm = 6A
24VDC / 12 AH Battery	—	Stand-by = 200mA Alarm = 6.0A	—
24VDC / 40 AH Battery	Stand-by = 6A Alarm = 6A	Stand-by = 1.0A Alarm = 6A	Stand-by = 300mA Alarm = 6A

Installation Instructions:

The AL600ULB should be installed in accordance with article 760 of The National Electrical Code as well as NFPA 72 and all applicable Local Codes.

1. Mount the AL600ULB in the desired location/enclosure (mounting hardware included).
2. Set the AL600ULB to the desired DC output voltage by setting SW1 to the appropriate position (refer to *Power Supply Output Selection* chart).
3. Connect two (2) 28VAC/100VA transformers (connected in parallel) to the terminals marked [AC].
Use 14 AWG or larger for all power connections (Battery, DC output, AC input).
Use 22 AWG to 18 AWG for power-limited circuits (AC Fail/Low Battery reporting).

Keep power-limited wiring separate from non power-limited wiring (115VAC / 60Hz Input, Battery Wires).

Minimum 0.25” spacing must be provided.

CAUTION: Do not touch exposed metal parts. Shut branch circuit power before installing or servicing equipment.

There are no user serviceable parts inside. Refer installation and servicing to qualified service personnel.

4. Measure output voltage before connecting device. This helps avoiding potential damage.
5. Connect devices to be powered to the terminals marked [+ DC -] (Fig. 1, pg. 2).
When servicing the unit, AC mains should be removed.
6. For Access Control applications batteries are optional. When batteries are not used, a loss of AC will result in the loss of output voltage. When the use of stand-by batteries is desired, they must be lead acid or gel type.
Connect battery to the terminals marked [+ BAT -] (Fig. 1, pg. 2).
7. Connect appropriate signaling notification devices to [AC FAIL & BAT FAIL] (Fig. 1, pg. 2) supervisory relay outputs.
Note: When used in fire alarm, burglar alarm or access control applications, “AC Fail” relay must be used to provide a visual indication of AC power on.

Maintenance:

Unit should be tested at least once a year for the proper operation as follows:

Output Voltage Test: Under normal load conditions the DC output voltage should be checked for proper voltage level (refer to *Power Supply Voltage Output Specification chart*).

Battery Test: Under normal load conditions check that the battery is fully charged, check specified voltage both at the battery terminal and at the board terminals marked [+ BAT –] to ensure that there is no break in the battery connection wires.

Note: Maximum charging current under discharge is 0.7A.

Note: Expected battery life is 5 years; however, it is recommended changing batteries in 4 years or less if needed.

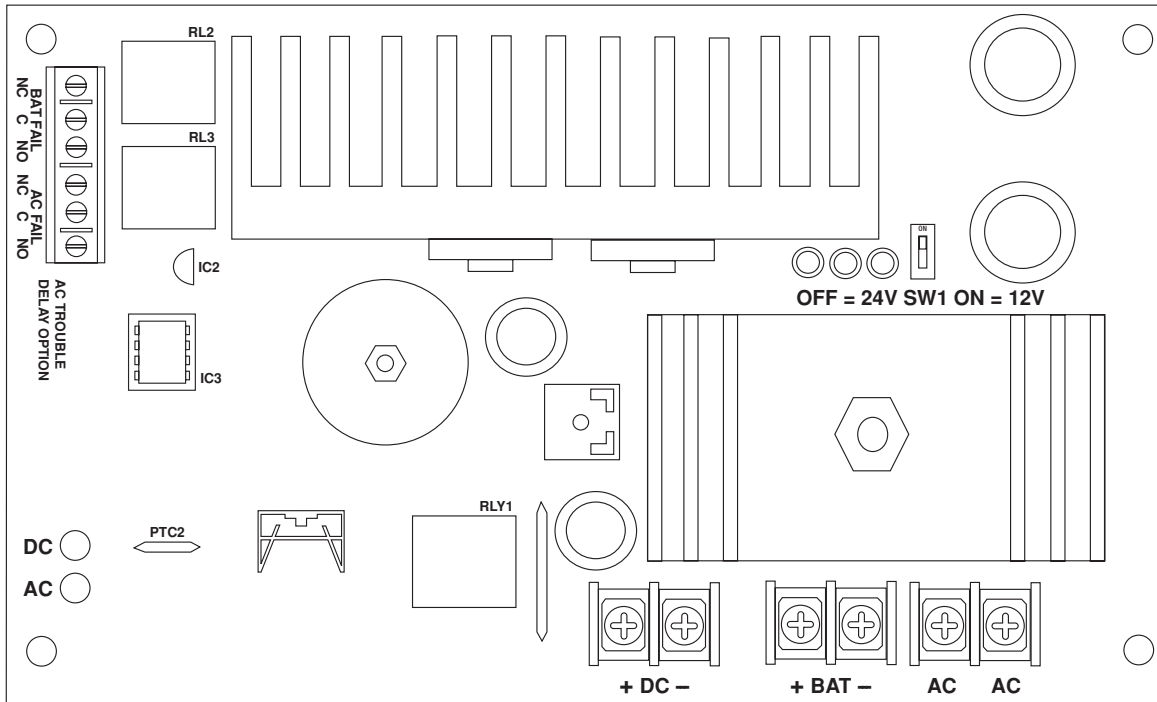
LED Diagnostics:

Red (DC)	Green (AC)	Power Supply Status
ON	ON	Normal operating condition.
ON	OFF	Loss of AC. Stand-by battery is supplying power.
OFF	ON	No DC output
OFF	OFF	Loss of AC. Discharged or no stand-by battery. No DC output.

Terminal Identification:

Terminal Legend	Function/Description
AC/AC	Connect 28VAC to these terminals from two transformers (Altronix T2428100) connected in parallel.
+DC –	12VDC or 24VDC @ 6A continuous non power-limited output.
AC FAIL NC, C, NO	Used to notify loss of AC power, e.g. connect to annunciator/alarm panel. Relay normally energized when AC power is present. Contact rating 1A @ 30VDC. AC Fail condition will report approximately one (1) minute after the loss of AC. To delay report for 6 hours cut jumper J1 on the Power Supply Board (AC trouble output delay option). If this mode is selected, the Power Supply Board must be reset by removing all power to it for 30 seconds.
BAT FAIL NC, C, NO	Used to indicate low battery condition, e.g. connect to alarm panel. Relay normally energized when DC power is present. Contact rating 1A @ 30VDC. Low battery conditions will report approximately 21VDC (24VDC output setting) or approximately 10.5VDC (12VDC output setting). Battery presence detection will report approximately 1 minute after battery remains undetected
+ BAT –	Stand-by battery connections. Maximum charge current 0.7A.

Fig. 1



Altronix is not responsible for any typographical errors.

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